



CH-3700 Spiez, Federal Office for Civil Protection FOCP, SCHB

Swiss Chemical Industry Annual Declarations of Past Activities (ADPA)

Our reference:
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Spiez, Dec 15, 2022

Short Guide for the Completion of the Annual Declarations of Past Activities in 2022*

*according to the [Chemical Control Ordinance](#) (CoC) of Aug 2013 (last revised January 1, 2022; SR-N° 946.202.21)

1. Who is affected?

1.1 Production, Processing and Consumption

A plant site is declarable provided the amount of *production, processing or consumption* of a **Schedule 2** chemical exceeded a certain threshold in one of the last three calendar years or will presumably exceed it in the next calendar year. The threshold is:

- 1kg for a Schedule 2A*
- 100kg for a Schedule 2A
- 1000kg for a Schedule 2B

A plant site is declarable provided the amount of *production* of a **Schedule 3** chemical exceeded the threshold of 30 tonnes in the last calendar year or will presumably exceed it in the next calendar year.

For DOC (Discrete Organic Chemicals) and PSF-chemicals (containing one or more of the elements Phosphorous, Sulphur or Fluor) only the *production* of the past calendar year has to be declared. If the aggregate quantity of DOC produced exceeded the threshold of:

- the 200 tonnes (incl. PSF) or if
- a PSF-chemical exceeded the 30 tonnes

then the site is declarable.

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For mixtures with scheduled chemicals, the effective amounts of scheduled chemicals in the mixtures shall be reported, taking into account the concentrations of the scheduled substances. For mixtures with a Schedule 2A/2A* chemicals, please check the applicable concentration threshold in the [Chemical Control Ordinance](#) under article 27 (please note the ordinance is currently only in French, German and Italian). For mixtures with a Schedule 2B and Schedule 3 chemical a threshold of 30 weight-% is applicable (see tables).

- For chemicals

Schedule	Production	Processing	Consumption
1	>0	>0	>0
2A*	1 kg	1 kg	1 kg
2A	100 kg	100 kg	100 kg
2B	1'000 kg	1'000 kg	1'000 kg
3	30t	Not declarable	Not declarable
°DOC	200t	Not declarable	Not declarable
°°PSF	30t	Not declarable	Not declarable

(°DOC: discrete organic chemicals; °°PSF: non-scheduled chemical containing at least one of the elements Phosphorous, Sulphur or Fluorine.)

- For mixtures and by-products

Schedule	Production	Processing	Consumption
1	>0 w/w-%	>0 w/w-%	>0 w/w-%
2A	See CoC	See CoC	See CoC
2B	>30 w/w-%	>30 w/w-%	>30 w/w-%
3	>30 w/w-%	Not declarable	Not declarable

1.2 Import and Export

- For chemicals

Schedule	Import*	Export*
1	prohibited	prohibited
2A	effective quantity	effective quantity
2B	effective quantity	effective quantity
3	effective quantity	effective quantity
DOC	Not declarable	Not declarable
PSF	Not declarable	Not declarable

- For mixtures and by-products

Schedule	Import*	Export*
1	effective quantity of the scheduled chemical	effective quantity of the scheduled chemical
2A	effective quantity of the scheduled chemical	effective quantity of the scheduled chemical
2B	effective quantity of the scheduled chemical	effective quantity of the scheduled chemical
3	effective quantity of the scheduled chemical	effective quantity of the scheduled chemical

*according to paragraph 2; [Chemical Control Ordinance](#)

The export or the import of a Schedule 2 chemical to **Non State Parties** is **prohibited!**

The embargo is also valid for mixtures of Schedule 2 chemicals except for:

- Mixtures, where the content of a schedule 2A chemical is less than 1 w/w-%
- Mixtures, where the content of a schedule 2B chemical is less than 10 w/w-%

- c) products containing those chemicals as common ingredients and packaged for retail sale and intended for personal use, or products containing Schedule 2 chemicals as common ingredients and packaged for individual use

Exports of Schedule 2 chemicals and Schedule 3 chemicals to States Parties are subject to authorisation (responsibility lies with the State Secretariat for Economic Affairs, [SECO](#), Export Controls/Industrial Products Division).

An export licence is also needed for scheduled chemicals in mixtures if the concentration is above the indicated percentage and quantity:

Schedule	Export
2A	>1 w/w-%
2B	>30 w/w-%
3	>30 w/w-%

To ease your work in declaring the exports and imports of scheduled chemicals on form 1 please consider the following:

- For Schedule 2A chemicals: BZ [3-Chinuclidinbenzilat], Amiton or PFIB [Perfluoroisobutylen] are rounded to kg quantities.
- For all other Schedule 2B and Schedule 3 chemicals, only quantities greater than or equal to 100 kg need to be declared. Quantities below 100 kg are not subject to declaration (see [Chemical Control Ordinance](#)):
 - for quantities greater than or equal to 10t, round to the nearest 0.1t
 - more or equal to 10 tonnes quantities are rounded to 0.1 t; lower than 10 tonnes quantities are rounded to 0.01t.

2. Deadline

The completed and signed forms must be sent electronically as a PDF or mailed to the following address by 45 days after the end of the year 2022:

LABOR SPIEZ

Meldestelle für Chemikalien

3700 Spiez

Or beat.schmidt@babs.admin.ch

For further information please contact Beat Schmidt (beat.schmidt@babs.admin.ch), phone +41 (0)58 468 17 83.

3. Instructions for the correct completion of the declaration of past activities

3.1 General Instructions

Please only declare activities that took place within Switzerland.

According to the Chemical Control Ordinance declarations are required for

- Production, consumption and processing: plant site
- Import and export: the company

For mixtures with listed chemicals, the effective quantities of the mixtures shall be indicated, taking into account the concentrations of the listed substances.







The codes requested in the forms can be found in section 7 of these instructions.

[Unavoidable by-product](#) (refer to Art 2): Chemical formed by a chemical reaction or by a biochemical or biological process, where the formation occurred in the absence of an adequate alternative process. If a Schedule 1 chemical occurs as an unavoidable by-product and the total concentration is less than 0.5% by weight, the quantity shall be considered zero.

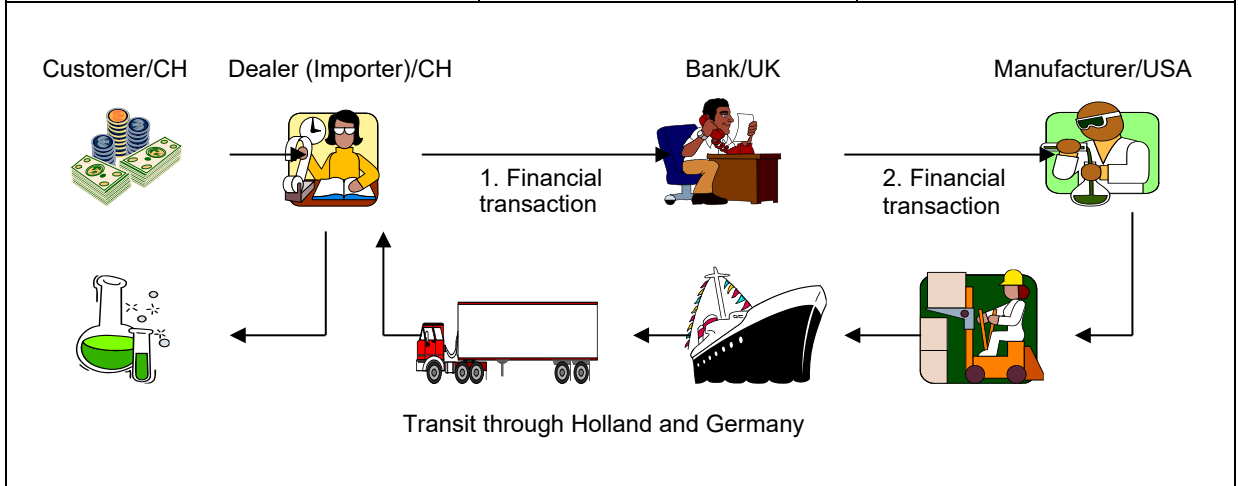
3.1 Determination of country of origin

- 3.2.1 The country of origin for a chemical is the country from which a chemical is shipped into the Swiss customs territory or into one of the Swiss customs exclusion territories and in which it was cleared through customs for the last time before this shipment. Transit through a third country prior to import into Switzerland does not confer a change of origin for the chemical.
- 3.2.2 The course of financial transactions and with whom contracts have been concluded are not decisive.
- 3.2.3 Information on determining the country of origin can also be found under the heading "Country of production" on the customs declaration.
- 3.2.4 If the country of origin is Taiwan, it should be referred to as China (CHN) in the absence of inter-national recognition of its autonomy.

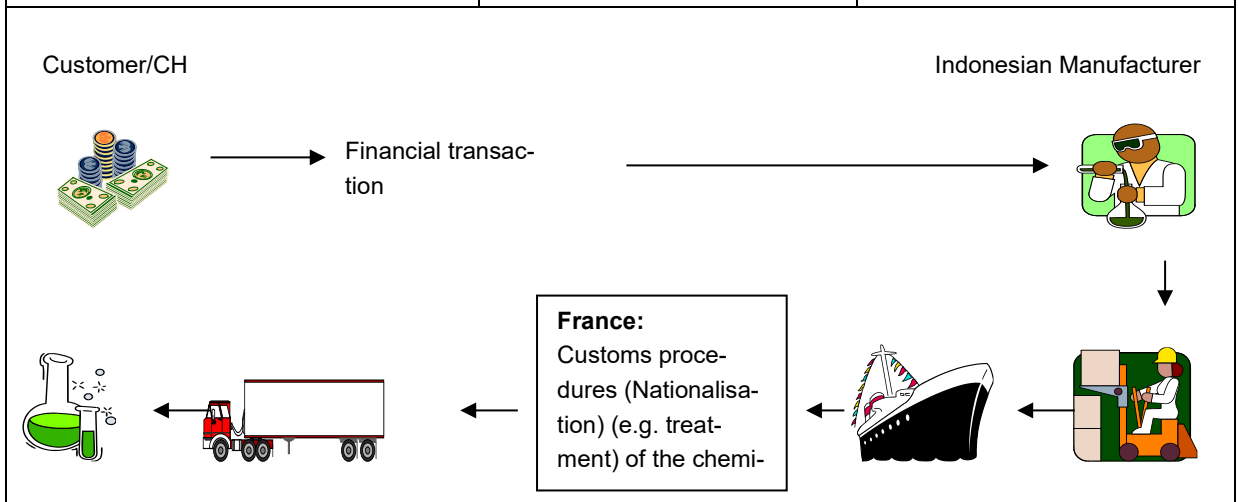
Please find illustrative examples to determine the country of origin

Contract and financial transaction	Delivery of the chemicals	Country of Origin in regards to the declarations
<p>A Swiss company has a contract with a Norwegian company (dealer only) for the delivery of a chemical, which is subject to the CWC control regime. The Norwegian company has a contract with a manufacturer of the chemical in Russia. The Swiss company pays the Norwegian company, which then pays the Russian manufacturer.</p>	<p>The delivery of the chemical is direct from Russia to Switzerland by aircraft.</p>	<p>Russia Rational: The chemical is imported directly from Russia. It is not transited through or nationalised by any other country. Financial transactions are not relevant.</p>
<div style="display: flex; justify-content: space-around; align-items: center;"> <div style="text-align: center;"> <p>Customer/CH</p>  </div> <div style="text-align: center;"> <p>1. Financial transaction</p>  </div> <div style="text-align: center;"> <p>2. Financial transaction</p>  </div> </div> <div style="display: flex; justify-content: space-around; align-items: center; margin-top: 20px;"> <div style="text-align: center;">  </div> <div style="text-align: center;">  <p>Chemical is imported from Russia directly to Switzerland</p> </div> <div style="text-align: center;">  </div> </div>		

Contract and financial transaction	Delivery of the chemicals	Country of Origin in regards to the declarations
<p>A Swiss dealer has a contract with an US manufacturer for the delivery of a chemical, which is subject to the CWC control regime. The Swiss dealer resells the chemical to a customer within Switzerland. The customer transfers the payment to a UK Bank. The US manufacturer is paid by the UK Bank.</p>	<p>The delivery of the chemical is from the US by ship to the port of Rotterdam, then by lorry through Holland and Germany to be finally imported (nationalised by customs procedures) into Switzerland.</p>	<p>USA</p> <p>Rational: The chemical is transited through Holland and Germany only, but not imported by customs.</p> <p>Financial transactions are not relevant.</p>



Contract and financial transaction	Delivery of the chemicals	Country of Origin in regards to the declarations
<p>A Swiss company has a contract with an Indonesian manufacturer for the delivery of a chemical, which is subject to the CWC control regime. The payment is made directly from the customer to the manufacturer.</p>	<p>The delivery of the chemical is from Indonesia by ship to the port of Rotterdam, then it transits Holland to France, where it is nationalised by customs procedures and then imported into Switzerland.</p>	<p>France</p> <p>Rational: The chemical transits through the Netherlands but it chemical was cleared through customs in France before being imported into Switzerland. Whether or not there has been any treatment of the chemical is irrelevant.</p> <p>Financial transactions are not relevant.</p>



4. Which forms have to be completed?

4.1 Companies handling Schedule 1 chemicals

See [Chemical Control Ordinance](#) paragraph 7-9 and 13, 25

Special case that should not occur in industry: For Schedule 1 chemicals there are additional forms and separate guidance which can be distributed on request; please contact the reporting centre at SPIEZ LABORATORY.

4.2 Companies producing, processing or consuming Schedule 2 chemicals (see CoC paras 10, 14, 26, 27)

- Form 2.2 per plant site
- Form 2.3 each plant within the plant site dealing with Schedule 2 chemicals
- Form 2.3.2 only if production of a Schedule 2 chemical applies
- Form 2.4 for each Schedule 2 chemical in the plant site

If Schedule 3 chemicals are also produced in the same plant, the forms for the corresponding plant and chemicals must also be completed.

4.3 Companies producing Schedule 3 chemicals

See Chemical Control Ordinance paragraph 15, 28-29

- Form 2.2 per plant site
- Form 2.3 each plant within the plant site producing Schedule 3 chemicals
- Form 3.4 per plant, with information on the production of Schedule 3 chemicals

4.4 Companies, producing exclusively discrete organic chemicals (DOC/PSF)

See Chemical Control Ordinance paragraph 30.

- Form 4.1 per plant site with information on the production of DOCs/PSFs

4.5 Companies importing and/or exporting schedule 2 and/or 3 chemicals

See Chemical Control Ordinance part 2.

- Form 1 per company

4.6 Do you need additional forms?

If further forms are required, they are available on the Internet along with these instructions:

- the website of the [National Authority](#)
- the website of [OPCW \(declarations-handbook\)](#)
- SPIEZ LABORATORY, Meldestelle für Chemikalien, 3700 Spiez

5. Confidentiality

The information provided is treated confidentially. Reports to the international Organisation for the Prohibition of Chemical Weapons ([OPCW](#)) are classified as "Restricted" and transmitted to The Hague by courier or Secure Information Exchange (SIX).

6. Definitions

Production of a chemical means formation of a chemical by a chemical reaction or by a biochemical or biological process. For declarations, this also concerns intermediates, by-products and waste products.

Processing of a chemical is defined as a physical process, such as formulating, extracting or purification, in which one chemical is not converted into another. This definition does not include repackaging or filling of a chemical.

Consumption of a chemical is defined as conversion of a chemical into another chemical by a chemical reaction or by a bio-chemical or biological process. For declarations, this also concerns the destruction of waste products.

Plant site is defined as the local integration of one or more plants.

Plant is defined as a relatively self-contained area, structure or building containing one or more units with auxiliary and associated infrastructure.

Discrete Organic Chemicals (DOC) all organic chemicals according to the definition in line with the current state of scientific knowledge, with the exception of:

1. chemicals included in the lists of chemicals in the Annex of CoC,
2. chemicals containing only hydrocarbons or only hydrocarbons and metals,
3. molecules consisting of three or more repeating units, such as oligomers and polymers.

PSF-Chemical is defined as an unscheduled discrete organic chemical containing one or more elements of phosphorus, sulphur or fluorine and is not listed in the chemical schedules.

7. Listing of the different codes

7.1 Activity Codes

Code	Activity
B01	Production
B02	Processing
B03	Consumption
B04	Storage
B05	Re-packaging, distribution
B06	R&D

7.2 Codes for Production Purpose for a schedule 3 chemical production facility

Code	Purposes of Production
B11	In-line consumption as produced (captive use)
B12	Placed in storage as an intermediate product or consumed on site
B13	Transferred to another plant site or company

7.3 Code for the approximate production range of a schedule 3 chemical

Code	Production quantities
B21	between 30t/year and 200t/Year
B22	between 200t/year and 1'000t/Year
B23	between 1'000t/year and 10'000t/Year
B24	between 10'000t/year and 100'000t/Year
B25	above 100'000t/year

7.4 Codes for production range of discrete organic chemicals (DOC incl. PSF)

Code	Production ranges
B31	between 200t/year and 1000t/year
B32	between 1'000t/year and 10'000t/year
B33	more than 10'000t/year

7.5 Product Group Codes

Notes:

1. During the 74th Executive Council meeting, the council was informed about the changes to the product groups (document EC-74/WP.1 dated 8 October 2013).
2. Shaded product groups (PG) are not recommended for OCPF declarations.
3. For illustrative purposes, typical representatives of chemicals are listed in each PG. These representatives are not intended to be exhaustive nor to imply that specific chemicals are reported.

Code	Description
Chemicals and related products	
511	Hydrocarbons and their halogenated, sulfonated, nitrated or nitrosated derivatives Typical chemicals include: aliphatic hydrocarbons as ethylene, propylene, butylene etc., cyclic hydrocarbons as benzene, toluene, xylene, ethylbenzene, cumene, ethylene dichloride, vinyl chloride, trichloroethylene, chlorododecane, tetrafluorethylene, nitrobenzene, di-nitrotoluene, hexafluoropropene
512	Alcohols, phenols, phenol-alcohols, and their halogenated, sulfonated, nitrated or nitrosated derivatives, except ethanol and methanol (see Code 519) Typical chemicals include: fatty alcohols, glycerol, propanol, butanol, D-glucitol (sorbitol), phenol
513	Carboxylic acids and their esters, anhydrides, acyl halides, peroxides and peroxyacids; their halogenated, sulfonated, nitrated or nitrosated derivatives and their salts Typical chemicals include: acetic acid and its salts, formic acid, its salts and esters, lactic acid, tartaric acid, citric acid and their salts and esters, isophthaloyl chloride, terephthaloyl chloride, methyl acetate, ethyl acetate, n-butyl acetate, malic acid, fumaric acid, maleic anhydride, phthalic anhydride, acetic anhydride, heptafluorobutyric peroxiacid, bis(dodecafluoroheptanoyl) peroxide
514	Nitrogen-function compounds, except Urea (see Code 519) Typical chemicals include: octylated diphenylamine, nonylated diphenylamine, ethylenediamine, cyclohexylamine, aniline, 1,3-diaminocyclohexane, diphenylamine, azodicarbonamide, toluene di-isocyanate, organic cyanides, methylene difenyl isocyanate

515	Heterocyclic compounds (except cyclic ethers), and sulfonamides Typical chemicals include: thiophene and N-butyl benzene sulfonamide
516	Other organic chemicals, except formaldehyde, ethyl tert-butyl ether (ETBE) and methyl tert-butyl ether (MTBE) (see Code 519) Typical chemicals include: ethers, dialkyl peroxides, methylethylketone, furfural, dimethyl carbonate, tetraalkyl thiuramdisulfide, trimethyl phosphate, ethylene oxide
519	Methanol, ethanol, urea, formaldehyde, ethyl tert-butyl ether (ETBE) methyl tert-butyl ether (MTBE), surfactants based on sulfonic acids and fatty acid salt
522	Inorganic chemical elements, oxides and halogen salts
523	Salts and peroxy salts, of inorganic acids; metal complexes of organic and inorganic ligands Typical chemicals include: sodium cyanide, ammonium cyanide, ammonium carbonate, ammonium bicarbonate, iron pentacarbonyl and metal complexes of triphenylphosphine
524	Organometallic compounds Typical chemicals include: dichloro(cycloocta-1,5-diene)platinum(II), phenylsilver, butyllithium
525	Radioactive and associated materials
531	Synthetic organic colouring matter and colour lakes, and preparations based thereon Typical chemicals include: azo based dyes, naphthazarine based dyes (dibromonaphthazarin), triphenyl methane dyes (TPM), quinoline, anthraquinone, pyrene, sulfanilic acid, fluorescent brightening agents, luminophores
532	Dyeing and tanning extracts, and synthetic tanning materials
533	Pigments, paints, varnishes and related materials
541	Medicinal and pharmaceutical products, including drug substances and active pharmaceutical ingredients other than medicaments of Group 542 Typical chemicals include: cephalosporins, amino acid derivatives, synthetic glycosides, atracurium besilate, alkylidene nitrile, tinidazole, nimesulide, butoconazole, flutamide, famotidine, penicillins or derivatives, streptomycins or derivatives, other antibiotics, synthetic insulin, phenothiazine compounds
542	Medicaments (including veterinary medicaments)
551	Essential oils, perfume and flavour materials
553	Perfumery, cosmetic or toilet preparations (excluding soaps)
554	Soap, cleansing and polishing preparations, except surfactants based on sulfonic acids and fatty acid salts (see Code 519)
562	Synthetic Fertilizers
571	Polymers of ethylene, in primary forms
572	Polymers of styrene, in primary forms
573	Polymers of vinyl chloride or of other halogenated olefins in primary forms
574	Polyacetals, other polyethers and epoxide resins, in primary forms; Polycarbonates, alkyd resins, polyallyl esters and other polyesters

575	Other plastics, in primary forms
579	Waste, parings and scrap, of plastics
581	Tubes, pipes and hoses, and fittings therefore, of plastics
582	Plates, sheets, film, foil and strip, of plastics
583	Monofilament of which any cross-sectional dimension exceeds 1 mm, rods, sticks and profile shapes, whether or not surface-worked but not otherwise worked, of plastics
591	Insecticides, rodenticides, fungicides, herbicides, anti-sprouting products and plant-growth regulators, disinfectants and similar products, put up in forms or packings for retail sale or as preparations or articles (e.g. sulfur-treated bands, wicks and candles, and fly papers) Typical chemicals include: cypermethrin, glyphosate and derivates, acephate, methamidophos, pyrethroid, dimethoate, malathion, triazoles, parathion, trifluralin, atrazine, diuron (DCMU), endosulfan, phenoxy family herbicides, propanil, sul-fosulfuron, fipronil, chloramine-T, phoxim, zineb, tebuconazole, monocrotophos, diquat, paraquat, acifluorfen, lactofen, clomazone
592	Starches, insulin and wheat gluten; albuminoidal substances; glues
593	Explosives and pyrotechnic products
597	Prepared additives for mineral oils and the like; Prepared liquids for hydraulic transmission; Anti-freezing preparations and prepared de-icing fluids; Lubricating preparations Typical chemicals include: di-2-ethylhexyl carbonate, di-3,5,5-trimethylhexyl carbo-nate
598 ¹	Miscellaneous chemical products (Be reluctant to use the codes 598 and 599 be-cause these will enhance the probability to be inspected!)
599 ²	Others

7.6 Country Codes

N°	Country	Name	Code
1.	Afghanistan	the Islamic State of Afghanistan	AFG
2.	Albania	the Republic of Albania	ALB
3.	Algeria	the People's Democratic Republic of Al-geria	DZA
4.	Andorra	the Principality of Andorra	AND
5.	Angola	the Republic of Angola	AGO
6.	Antigua and Barbuda	Antigua and Barbuda	ATG
7.	Argentina	the Argentine Republic	ARG
8.	Armenia	the Republic of Armenia	ARM
9.	Australia	Australia	AUS
10.	Austria	the Republic of Austria	AUT
11.	Azerbaijan	the Azerbaijan Republic	AZE
12.	Bahamas (the)	the Commonwealth of the Bahamas	BHS
13.	Bahrain	the State of Bahrain	BHR
14.	Bangladesh	the People's Republic of Bangladesh	BGD
15.	Barbados	Barbados	BRB
16.	Belarus	the Republic of Belarus	BLR

¹ If possible, avoid codes 598, 599 - increases the probability of an inspection

² same

17.	Belgium	the Kingdom of Belgium	BEL
18.	Belize	Belize	BLZ
19.	Benin	the Republic of Benin	BEN
20.	Bhutan	the Kingdom of Bhutan	BTN
21.	Bolivia	the Republic of Bolivia	BOL
22.	Bosnia and Herzegovina	the Republic of Bosnia and Herzegovina	BIH
23.	Botswana	the Republic of Botswana	BWA
24.	Brazil	the Federative Republic of Brazil	BRA
25.	Brunei Darussalam	Brunei Darussalam	BRN
26.	Bulgaria	the Republic of Bulgaria	BGR
27.	Burkina Faso	Burkina Faso	BFA
28.	Burundi	the Republic of Burundi	BDI
29.	Cambodia	the Kingdom of Cambodia	KHM
30.	Cameroon	the Republic of Cameroon	CMR
31.	Canada	Canada	CAN
32.	Cape Verde	the Republic of Cape Verde	CPV
33.	Central African Republic (the)	the Central African Republic	CAF
34.	Chad	the Republic of Chad	TCD
35.	Chile	the Republic of Chile	CHL
36.	China	the People's Republic of China	CHN
37.	Colombia	the Republic of Colombia	COL
38.	Comoros (the)	the Islamic Federal Republic of the Comoros	COM
39.	Congo (the)	the Republic of the Congo	COG
40.	Cook Islands	the Cook Islands	COK
41.	Costa Rica	the Republic of Costa Rica	CRI
42.	Cote d'Ivoire	the Republic of Côte d'Ivoire	CIV
43.	Croatia	the Republic of Croatia	HRV
44.	Cuba	the Republic of Cuba	CUB
45.	Cyprus	the Republic of Cyprus	CYP
46.	Czech Republic (the)	the Czech Republic	CZE
47.	Democratic People's Republic of Korea	the Democratic People's Republic of Korea	PRK
48.	Democratic Republic of the Congo (the)	the Democratic Republic of the Congo	COD
49.	Denmark	the Kingdom of Denmark	DNK
50.	Djibouti	the Republic of Djibouti	DJI
51.	Dominica	the Commonwealth of Dominica	DMA
52.	Dominican Republic (the)	the Dominican Republic	DOM
53.	Ecuador	the Republic of Ecuador	ECU
54.	Egypt	the Arab Republic of Egypt	EGY
55.	El Salvador	the Republic of El Salvador	SLV
56.	Equatorial Guinea	the Republic of Equatorial Guinea	GNQ
57.	Eritrea	Eritrea	ERI
58.	Estonia	the Republic of Estonia	EST
59.	Ethiopia	Federal Democratic Republic of Ethiopia	ETH
60.	Fiji	the Republic of Fiji	FJI
61.	Finland	the Republic of Finland	FIN
62.	France	the French Republic	FRA
63.	Gabon	the Gabonese Republic	GAB
64.	Gambia (the)	the Republic of the Gambia	GMB
65.	Georgia	Georgia	GEO
66.	Germany	the Federal Republic of Germany	DEU
67.	Ghana	the Republic of Ghana	GHA

68.	Greece	the Hellenic Republic	GRC
69.	Grenada	Grenada	GRD
70.	Guatemala	the Republic of Guatemala	GTM
71.	Guinea	the Republic of Guinea	GIN
72.	Guinea-Bissau	the Republic of Guinea-Bissau	GNB
73.	Guyana	the Republic of Guyana	GUY
74.	Haiti	the Republic of Haiti	HTI
75.	Holy See (the)	the Holy See	VAT
76.	Honduras	the Republic of Honduras	HND
77.	Hungary	the Republic of Hungary	HUN
78.	Iceland	the Republic of Iceland	ISL
79.	India	the Republic of India	IND
80.	Indonesia	the Republic of Indonesia	IDN
81.	Iran (Islamic Republic of)	the Islamic Republic of Iran	IRN
82.	Iraq	the Republic of Iraq	IRQ
83.	Ireland	Ireland	IRL
84.	Israel	the State of Israel	ISR
85.	Italy	the Italian Republic	ITA
86.	Jamaica	Jamaica	JAM
87.	Japan	Japan	JPN
88.	Jordan	the Hashemite Kingdom of Jordan	JOR
89.	Kazakstan	the Republic of Kazakstan	KAZ
90.	Kenya	the Republic of Kenya	KEN
91.	Kiribati	Kiribati	KIR
92.	Kuwait	the State of Kuwait	KWT
93.	Kyrgyzstan	the Kyrgyz Republic	KGZ
94.	Lao People's Democratic Republic (the)	the Lao People's Democratic Republic	LAO
95.	Latvia	the Republic of Latvia	LVA
96.	Lebanon	the Lebanese Republic	LBN
97.	Lesotho	the Kingdom of Lesotho	LSP
98.	Liberia	the Republic of Liberia	LBR
99.	Libyan Arab Jamahiriya (the)	the Socialist People's Libyan Arab Jamahiriya	LBY
100.	Liechtenstein	the Principality of Liechtenstein	LIE
101.	Lithuania	the Republic of Lithuania	LTU
102.	Luxembourg	the Grand Duchy of Luxembourg	LUX
103.	Madagascar	the Republic of Madagascar	MDG
104.	Malawi	the Republic of Malawi	MWI
105.	Malaysia	Malaysia	MYS
106.	Maldives	the Republic of Maldives	MDV
107.	Mali	the Republic of Mali	MLI
108.	Malta	the Republic of Malta	MLT
109.	Marshall Islands (the)	the Republic of the Marshall Islands	MHL
110.	Mauritania	the Islamic Republic of Mauritania	MRT
111.	Mauritius	the Republic of Mauritius	MUS
112.	Mexico	the United Mexican States	MEX
113.	Micronesia (Federal States of)	the Federated States of Micronesia	FSM
114.	Monaco	the Principality of Monaco	MCO
115.	Mongolia	Mongolia	MNG
116.	Montenegro	Montenegro	MNE
117.	Morocco	the Kingdom of Morocco	MAR
118.	Mozambique	the Republic of Mozambique	MOZ

119.	Myanmar	the Union of Myanmar	MMR
120.	Namibia	the Republic of Namibia	NAM
121.	Nauru	the Republic of Nauru	NRU
122.	Nepal	the Kingdom of Nepal	NPL
123.	Netherlands (the)	the Kingdom of the Netherlands	NLD
124.	New Zealand	New Zealand	NZL
125.	Nicaragua	the Republic of Nicaragua	NIC
126.	Niger (the)	the Republic of the Niger	NER
127.	Nigeria	the Federal Republic of Nigeria	NGA
128.	Niue	the Republic of Niue	NIU
129.	Norway	the Kingdom of Norway	NOR
130.	Oman	the Sultanate of Oman	OMN
131.	Pakistan	the Islamic Republic of Pakistan	PAK
132.	Palau	the Republic of Palau	PLW
133.	Panama	the Republic of Panama	PAN
134.	Papua New Guinea	Papua New Guinea	PNG
135.	Paraguay	the Republic of Paraguay	PRY
136.	Peru	the Republic of Peru	PER
137.	Philippines (the)	the Republic of Philippines	PHL
138.	Poland	the Republic of Poland	POL
139.	Portugal	the Portuguese Republic	PRT
140.	Qatar	the State of Qatar	QAT
141.	Republic of Korea (the)	the Republic of Korea	KOR
142.	Republic of Moldova (the)	the Republic of Moldova	MDA
143.	Romania	Romania	ROM
144.	Russian Federation (the)	the Russian Federation	RUS
145.	Rwanda	the Rwandese Republic	RWA
146.	Saint Kitts and Nevis	Saint Kitts and Nevis	KNA
147.	Saint Lucia	Saint Lucia	LCA
148.	Saint Vincent and the Grenadines	Saint Vincent and the Grenadines	VCT
149.	Samoa	the Independent State of Western Samoa	WSM
150.	San Marino	the Republic of San Marino	SMR
151.	Sao Tome and Principe	Democratic Republic of Sao Tome and Principe	STP
152.	Saudi Arabia	the Kingdom of Saudi Arabia	SAU
153.	Senegal	the Republic of Senegal	SEN
154.	Serbia	the Republic of Serbia	SRB
155.	Seychelles	the Republic of Seychelles	SYC
156.	Sierra Leone	the Republic of Sierra Leone	SLE
157.	Singapore	the Republic of Singapore	SGP
158.	Slovakia	the Slovak Republic	SVK
159.	Slovenia	the Republic of Slovenia	SVN
160.	Solomon Islands	Solomond Islands	SLB
161.	Somalia	the Somali Democratic Republic	SOM
162.	South Africa	the Republic of South Africa	ZAF
163.	Spain	the Kingdom of Spain	ESP
164.	Sri Lanka	the Democratic Socialist Republic of Sri Lanka	LKA
165.	Sudan (the)	the Republic of the Sudan	SDN
166.	Suriname	the Republic of Suriname	SUR
167.	Swaziland	the Kingdom of Swaziland	SWZ
168.	Sweden	the Kingdom of Sweden	SWE
169.	Switzerland	the Swiss Confederation	CHE

170.	Syrian Arab Republic (the)	the Syrian Arab Republic	SYR
171.	Tajikistan	the Republic of Tajikistan	TJK
172.	Thailand	the Kingdom of Thailand	THA
173.	Former Yugoslav Republic of Macedonia	The former Yugoslav Republic of Macedonia	MKD
174.	Togo	the Togolese Republic	TGO
175.	Tonga	the Kingdom of Tonga	TON
176.	Trinidad and Tobago	the Republic of Trinidad and Tobago	TTO
177.	Tunisia	the Republic of Tunisia	TUN
178.	Turkey	the Republic of Turkey	TUR
179.	Turkmenistan	Turkmenistan	TKM
180.	Tuvalu	Tuvalu	TUV
181.	Uganda	the Republic of Uganda	UGA
182.	Ukraine	Ukraine	UKR
183.	United Arab Emirates (the)	the United Arab Emirates	ARE
184.	United Kingdom of Great Britain and Northern Ireland (the)	the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Northern Ireland	GBR
185.	United Republic of Tanzania (the)	the United Republic of Tanzania	TZA
186.	United States of America (the)	the United States of America	USA
187.	Uruguay	the Eastern Republic of Uruguay	URY
188.	Uzbekistan	the Republic of Uzbekistan	UZB
189.	Vanuatu	the Republic of Vanuatu	VUT
190.	Vatican	Vatican	VAT
191.	Venezuela	the Republic of Venezuela	VEN
192.	Viet Nam	the Socialist Republic of Viet Nam	VNM
193.	Yemen	the Republic of Yemen	YEM
194.	Yugoslavia	the Federal Republic of Yugoslavia	YUG
195.	Zambia	the Republic of Zambia	ZMB
196.	Zimbabwe	the Republic of Zimbabwe	ZWE

Yours sincerely

Federal Office for Civil Protection FOCP

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